

LABOUR FORCE

QUEENSLAND

EMBARGO: 11:30AM (CANBERRA TIME) MON 18 JANUARY 1999

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 For information about these and related statistics, contact Information Inquiries on (07) 3222 6351 or refer to the back cover of this publication.

NOTES

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BRIAN DOYLE

Regional Director, Queensland

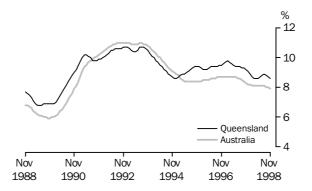
TREND SERIES

In Queensland, employment increased, in trend terms, by 45,600 to 1,633,600 between November 1997 and November 1998 while the number of unemployed persons decreased by 6,600 to 154,500 over the same period. The unemployment rate decreased from 9.2% in November 1997 to 8.6% in November 1998. The participation rate increased from 64.9% in November 1997 to 65.1% in November 1998. In Australia, in trend terms, employment increased by 177,800 from November 1997 to November 1998 while the number of unemployed persons decreased by 29,500 over the same period.

LABOUR FORCE, QUEENSLAND, TREND SERIES

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		November	August	September	October	November	Annual
Particulars	Unit	1997	1998	1998	1998	1998	change
• • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • •				• • • • • •	• • • • •
Employed	'000	1 588.0	1 617.6	1 622.5	1 628.0	1 633.6	2.8 %
Unemployed	'000	161.1	157.3	157.0	155.9	154.5	- 4.1 %
Labour force	'000	1 749.1	1 774.8	1 779.5	1 784.0	1 788.1	2.2 %
Unemployment rate	%	9.2	8.9	8.8	8.7	8.6	- 0.6 pts

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE, TREND SERIES



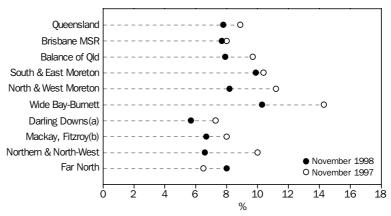
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

In seasonally adjusted terms, employment in Queensland increased by 57,900 to 1,643,500 between November 1997 and November 1998 while the number of unemployed persons decreased by 16,300 to 146,500 over the same period. The unemployment rate decreased from 9.3% in November 1997 to 8.2% in November 1998.

REGIONAL ESTIMATES (ORIGINAL SERIES)

The unemployment rate for the Brisbane Major Statistical Region (MSR) in November 1998 was 7.7% and for the Balance of Queensland was 7.9%. South and East Brisbane Statistical Division (BSD) Balance had the highest unemployment rate (9.4%) in the Brisbane MSR while the Brisbane City Inner Ring had the lowest rate (6.5%). For the Balance of Queensland, the region with the highest unemployment rate was Wide Bay-Burnett (10.3%) followed by South and East Moreton (9.9%). The Darling Downs and South-West had the lowest unemployment rate at 5.7%.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE: QUEENSLAND REGIONS



(a) Including South-West. (b) Including Central-West.

YOUTH ESTIMATES

The number of unemployed 15 to 19 year olds in the Queensland labour force decreased 9.6% to 31,000 persons over the year from November 1997 to November 1998, while the number employed increased by 6,400 or 5.2% to 128,800 persons. The unemployment rate for this group declined from 21.9% in November 1997 to 19.4% in November 1998. There were 185,500 employed 20 to 24 year olds in November 1998, a marginal decrease over the previous 12 months. The unemployment rate for this group increased marginally to 12.6% over the same period.

INDUSTRY ESTIMATES

In November 1998, the retail trade industry in Queensland employed the most persons with 264,000. This was an increase of 3.9% on the figure for November 1997. Employment in the manufacturing industry increased 13,800 (8.0%) to 186,000.

EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT FOR SELECTED GROUPS

	EMPLOYE	D PERSONS.		UNEMPLO'	YED PERSON	IS
	November	November	Annual	November	November	Annual
0.11	1997	1998	change	1997	1998	change
Particulars	'000	'000	%	'000	'000	%
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •		• • • •
Males	893.8	931.5	4.2	91.4	80.7	-11.7
Females	697.1	717.5	2.9	64.4	59.6	-7.5
Persons aged (years)						
15–19	122.4	128.8	5.2	34.3	31.0	-9.6
20–24	186.4	185.5	-0.5	26.7	26.6	-0.4
25–44	790.9	813.8	2.9	65.0	51.4	-20.9
45 and over	491.2	520.8	6.0	29.9	31.2	4.3
Industry of current employment, or o full-time job if unemployed	f last					
Manufacturing	172.2	186.0	8.0	14.1	10.5	-25.5
Construction	122.2	141.8	16.0	5.6	5.3	-5.4
Wholesale trade	81.5	90.4	10.9	*3.1	3.9	25.8
Retail trade	254.1	264.0	3.9	14.4	13.8	-4.2
Property and business services	160.9	149.3	-7.2	6.8	5.3	-22.1
Health and community services	144.3	160.7	11.4	4.9	*2.3	-53.1
Other industries	655.6	656.7	0.2	32.4	24.8	-23.5
Other unemployed persons				74.5	74.6	0.1
Queensland	1 590.8	1 648.9	3.7	155.9	140.4	-9.9

•••••

 ${\bf TABLE~1-LABOUR~FORCE~STATUS:~ORIGINAL~SERIES, QUEENSLAND}$

		-	Unemploy	ved			Civilian population		
	Employa 	ed Total	Looking for full- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	aged 15 years and over	Unem- ployment	Partici- pation
Month	''000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	rate %	rate %
Month	000	000	000	MALES	000	000	000	%0	<u>%</u>
1005									
1997 —	701.2	004.2	77.0	00.1	004.2	2460	1 220 2	0.1	740
September	781.3	894.3	77.8	90.1	984.3	346.0	1,330.3	9.1	74.0
October	787.1	905.0	74.5	88.0	993.0	339.8	1,332.8	8.9	74.5
November December	781.5 795.7	893.8 910.6	79.2 79.4	91.4 92.5	985.2 1,003.1	350.2 334.9	1,335.4 1,338.0	9.3 9.2	73.8 75.0
1998 —									
January	792.6	901.2	87.8	99.2	1,000.4	339.7	1,340.1	9.9	74.6
February	792.1	905.2	87.2	101.4	1,006.6	335.7	1,342.3	10.1	75.0
March	789.0	905.5	79.2	92.4	997.9	346.6	1,344.4	9.3	74.2
April	793.1	903.0	76.3	88.6	991.6	355.0	1,346.6	8.9	73.6
May	783.1	903.2	76.0	87.1	990.3	358.6	1,348.8	8.8	73.4
June	791.2	912.9	76.8	86.9	999.8	351.3	1,351.1	8.7	74.0
July	799.6	911.0	80.8	91.6	1,002.6	350.4	1,353.0	9.1	74.1
August	791.0	904.5	78.1	89.6	994.1	360.8	1,354.9	9.0	73.4
September	801.8	925.3	80.2	93.3	1,018.7	338.1	1,356.8	9.2	75.1
October	814.4	933.4	72.0	84.3	1,017.7	341.5	1,359.3	8.3	74.9
November	817.2	931.5	69.2	80.7	1,012.2	349.5	1,361.7	8.0	74.3
				FEMALES					
1997 —									
September	382.9	695.1	42.7	67.4	762.5	592.6	1,355.1	8.8	56.3
October	382.5	694.6	41.2	62.6	757.3	600.3	1,357.6	8.3	55.8
November December	386.2 404.5	697.1 696.6	43.0 45.6	64.4 63.8	761.5 760.4	598.6 602.3	1,360.1 1,362.7	8.5 8.4	56.0 55.8
1998 —		0, 0,0			, , , , ,		-,	***	
January	386.6	670.5	46.6	66.0	736.5	628.2	1,364.7	9.0	54.0
February	390.6	698.2	53.7	75.0	730.3	593.5	1,364.7	9.0 9.7	56.6
March	382.3	696.2	43.8	65.1	761.3	607.4	1,368.7	8.6	55.6
April	390.7	704.8	42.1	64.9	769.7	601.2	1,370.8	8.4	56.1
May	387.9	706.2	41.0	60.2	766.4	606.5	1,373.0	7.9	55.8
June	388.2	708.7	43.0	65.2	774.0	601.2	1,375.1	8.4	56.3
July	391.9	704.8	41.4	59.5	764.4	612.6	1,377.0	7.8	55.5
August	381.0	699.2	37.8	57.9	757.1	621.7	1,378.8	7.7	54.9
September	391.2	707.4	41.5	63.8	771.2	609.5	1,380.7	8.3	55.9
October	385.0	709.1	41.6	63.3	772.4	610.7	1,383.1	8.2	55.8
November	397.2	717.5	37.6	59.6	777.1	608.4	1,385.6	7.7	56.1
				PERSONS					
1997 —									
September	1,164.2	1,589.4	120.5	157.4	1,746.8	938.6	2,685.3	9.0	65.0
October	1,169.6	1,599.6	115.7	150.6	1,750.3	940.1	2,690.4	8.6	65.1
November	1,167.7	1,590.8	122.2	155.9	1,746.7	948.8	2,695.5	8.9	64.8
December	1,200.2	1,607.2	125.0	156.3	1,763.5	937.1	2,700.6	8.9	65.3
1998 —	4.470.0	1	1011	167.3	1.50.50	0.57.0	25010	o -	
January	1,179.2	1,571.6	134.4	165.2	1,736.9	967.9	2,704.8	9.5	64.2
February	1,182.7	1,603.4	140.9	176.5	1,779.8	929.1	2,709.0	9.9	65.7
March	1,171.2	1,601.7	123.0	157.5	1,759.2	953.9	2,713.1	9.0	64.8
April	1,183.8	1,607.8	118.4	153.5	1,761.3	956.2	2,717.5	8.7	64.8
May	1,170.9	1,609.4	117.1	147.3	1,756.7	965.1	2,721.8	8.4	64.5
June	1,179.4	1,621.6	119.8	152.2	1,773.7	952.5	2,726.2	8.6	65.1
July	1,191.5	1,615.8	122.3	151.2	1,767.0	963.0	2,729.9	8.6	64.7
August	1,172.1	1,603.7	115.9	147.5	1,751.2	982.5	2,733.7	8.4	64.1
September	1,193.0	1,632.7	121.7	157.1	1,789.8	947.6	2,737.5	8.8	65.4 65.3
October November	1,199.4 1,214.4	1,642.5	113.6	147.7 140.4	1,790.2	952.2 958.0	2,742.4	8.2 7.8	65.3 65.1
rovember	1,214.4	1,648.9	106.8	140.4	1,789.3	958.0	2,747.3	7.8	65.1

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 ${\tt TABLE\,2-LABOUR\,FORCE\,STATUS:\,\,SEASONALLY\,ADJUSTED\,\,SERIES,\,QUEENSLAND}$

				Unemployment	Participation
	Employed	Unemployed	Labour force	rate	rate
Month	'000	'000	'000	%	%
		MALES			
1997—					
September	886.6	94.6	981.2	9.6	73.8
October	900.4	92.8	993.2	9.3	74.5
November	895.4	95.2	990.6	9.6	74.2
December	899.8	94.6	994.4	9.5	74.3
1998—					
January	910.8	89.2	1,000.0	8.9	74.6
February	909.1	93.2	1,002.3	9.3	74.7
March	911.3	85.9	997.3	8.6	74.2
April	906.7	85.8	992.5	8.6	73.7
May	908.0	88.3	996.3	8.9	73.9
June	908.7	90.1	998.8	9.0	73.9
July	904.3	98.9	1,003.2	9.9	74.1
August	909.0	91.9	1,001.0	9.2	73.9
September	917.3	98.1	1,015.4	9.7	74.8
October	928.9	88.6	1,017.5	8.7	74.9
November	933.2	84.0	1,017.2	8.3	74.7
		FEMALES			
1997—					
September	683.8	68.4	752.2	9.1	55.5
October	691.7	68.4	760.1	9.0	56.0
November	690.3	67.5	757.8	8.9	55.7
December	688.0	64.4	752.3	8.6	55.2
1998—					
January	690.5	64.9	755.4	8.6	55.4
February	702.0	65.2	767.2	8.5	56.1
March	695.5	60.4	756.0	8.0	55.2
April	705.8	64.1	769.9	8.3	56.2
May	708.1	59.3	767.4	7.7	55.9
June	706.4	67.2	773.6	8.7	56.3
July	703.6	62.9	766.6	8.2	55.7
August	707.1	60.1	767.2	7.8	55.6
September	695.9	64.7	760.6	8.5	55.1
October	706.1	69.1	775.2	8.9	56.0
November	710.3	62.4	772.7	8.1	55.8
		PERSONS			
1997—					
September	1,570.4	163.0	1,733.4	9.4	64.6
October	1,592.1	161.2	1,753.2	9.2	65.2
November	1,585.6	162.8	1,748.4	9.3	64.9
December	1,587.8	159.0	1,746.8	9.1	64.7
1998—					
January	1,601.3	154.2	1,755.4	8.8	64.9
February	1,611.1	158.3	1,769.5	8.9	65.3
March	1,606.9	146.4	1,753.2	8.3	64.6
April	1,612.5	149.9	1,762.4	8.5	64.9
May	1,616.1	147.6	1,763.6	8.4	64.8
June	1,615.0	157.3	1,772.4	8.9	65.0
July	1,607.9	161.8	1,769.8	9.1	64.8
August	1,616.2	152.1	1,768.2	8.6	64.7
September	1,613.2	162.8	1,776.0	9.2	64.9
October	1,635.0	157.7	1,792.7	8.8	65.4
November	1,643.5	146.5	1,789.9	8.2	65.2

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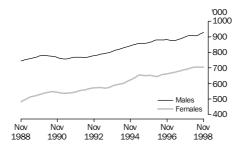
TABLE 3 — LABOUR FORCE STATUS: TREND SERIES, QUEENSLAND

				Unemployment	Participation
	Employed	Unemployed	Labour force	rate	rate
Month	'000'	'000	'000	%	%
		MALES			
1997—					
September	891.4	94.5	985.9	9.6	74.1
October	894.9	94.6	989.4	9.6	74.2
November	898.8	94.1	992.9	9.5	74.4
December	902.8	92.9	995.7	9.3	74.4
1998—					
January	906.2	91.1	997.3	9.1	74.4
February	908.4	89.5	997.9	9.0	74.3
March	909.1	88.4	997.5	8.9	74.2
April	908.4	88.4	996.8	8.9	74.0
May	907.4	89.7	997.0	9.0	73.9
June	907.2	91.6	998.8	9.2	73.9
July	909.3	93.0	1,002.3	9.3	74.1
August	913.2	93.4	1,006.6	9.3	74.3
September	918.2	92.7	1,010.9	9.2	74.5
October	923.5	91.3	1,014.7	9.0	74.7
November	928.3	89.5	1,017.8	8.8	74.7
		FEMALES			
1997—					
September	685.0	67.8	752.9	9.0	55.0
October	687.2	67.6	754.8	9.0	55.6
November	689.1	67.0	756.2	8.9	55.0
December	691.3	66.0	757.2	8.7	55.0
	V				
1998—	604.0	61.6	750 6	0.5	55.
January	694.0 697.1	64.6	758.6	8.5	55.0
February		63.6	760.6	8.4	55.7
March	700.4	63.0	763.4	8.3	55.8
April	703.4	62.6	766.0	8.2	55.9
May	705.2	62.5	767.7	8.1	55.9
June	705.4	62.8	768.2	8.2	55.9
July	704.8	63.3	768.1	8.2	55.8
August	704.4	63.8	768.2	8.3	55.7
September	704.3	64.3	768.6	8.4	55.7
October	704.6	64.7	769.2	8.4	55.6
November	705.3	65.1	770.3	8.4	55.0
		PERSONS			
1997—					
September	1,576.4	162.3	1,738.7	9.3	64.7
October	1,582.0	162.2	1,744.3	9.3	64.8
November	1,588.0	161.1	1,749.1	9.2	64.9
December	1,594.1	158.8	1,752.9	9.1	64.9
1998—					
January	1,600.2	155.7	1,755.9	8.9	64.9
February	1,605.5	153.1	1,758.6	8.7	64.9
March	1,609.5	151.3	1,760.9	8.6	64.9
April	1,611.9	150.9	1,762.8	8.6	64.9
May	1,612.5	152.2	1,764.7	8.6	64.8
June	1,612.6	154.4	1,767.0	8.7	64.8
July	1,614.1	156.3	1,770.4	8.8	64.9
August	1,617.6	157.3	1,774.8	8.9	64.9
September	1,622.5	157.0	1,779.5	8.8	65.0
October	1,628.0	155.9	1,784.0	8.7	65.1
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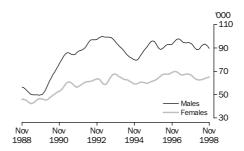
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LABOUR FORCE STATUS: Trend Series, Queensland

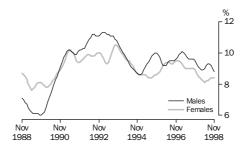
EMPLOYED MALES AND FEMALES



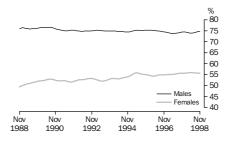
UNEMPLOYED MALES AND FEMALES



UNEMPLOYMENT RATE



PARTICIPATION RATE



 ${\it TABLE~4-LABOUR~FORCE~STATUS:~STATISTICAL~REGIONS, QUEENSLAND, NOVEMBER~1998}$

Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton North and West Moreton Wide Bay-Burnett Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Unemployed	Labour	ployment	pation
Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton North and West Moreton Wide Bay-Burnett Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	'000	'000			force	rate	rate
Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton North and West Moreton Wide Bay-Burnett Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton			'000	'000	'000	%	%
Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton North and West Moreton Wide Bay-Burnett Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton		MAL	ES				
Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton North and West Moreton Wide Bay-Burnett Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	368.1	55.0	423.1	36.5	459.6	7.9	74.9
South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton North and West Moreton Wide Bay-Burnett Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	90.0	16.7	106.7	9.9	116.5	8.5	73.4
North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton North and West Moreton Wide Bay-Burnett Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	111.1	17.4	128.5	8.2	136.7	6.0	74.4
Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton North and West Moreton Wide Bay-Burnett Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	82.2	8.9	91.1	7.8	98.9	7.9	79.0
South and East Moreton North and West Moreton Wide Bay-Burnett Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	84.9	12.0	96.8	10.6	107.5	9.9	73.6
South and East Moreton North and West Moreton Wide Bay-Burnett Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	82.5	15.7	98.3	11.1	109.4	10.1	70.0
North and West Moreton Wide Bay-Burnett Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	449.0	59.3	508.3	44.2	552.6	8.0	73.9
Wide Bay-Burnett Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	80.7	15.3	96.0	9.9	105.9	9.3	70.0
Darling Ďowns and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	68.7	11.7	80.4	6.8	87.2	7.8	71.3
Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	44.6	7.9	52.5	6.7	59.2	11.3	66.4
Northern and North-West Far North Queensland Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	65.1	6.4	71.5	4.6	76.1	6.0	79.1
Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	87.3 52.6	6.1 5.0	93.4 57.6	6.7 3.7	100.2 61.3	6.7 6.1	77.6 78.7
Brisbane Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	50.0	7.0	57.0	5.8	62.8	9.2	76.7
Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	817.2	114.3	931.5	80.7	1,012.2	8.0	74.3
Brisbane City Inner Ring Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton		FEMA	LES				
Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	189.5	143.3	332.8	26.8	359.6	7.5	56.5
Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton							
South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	57.5	31.8	89.3	3.7	93.0	4.0	59.0
North and West BSD Balance Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a) Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	59.6 36.2	51.3 27.6	110.9 63.7	9.0 8.3	119.9 72.1	7.5 11.6	58.9 56.0
Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	36.2	32.7	68.9	5.8	72.1 74.7	7.8	50.9
Balance of Queensland South and East Moreton	33.0	39.7	72.7	9.3	81.9	11.3	53.7
South and East Moreton	207.8	176.9	384.7	32.8	417.5	7.9	55.7
	33.7	37.1	70.7	8.3	79.0	10.5	54.3
North and West Moreton	32.1	32.3	64.4	6.1	70.6	8.7	54.1
Wide Bay-Burnett	19.6	20.1	39.7	3.9	43.6	9.0	48.2
Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West	28.7 39.5	22.4 29.6	51.1 69.1	2.9 5.0	53.9 74.1	5.3 6.8	56.0 58.5
Northern and North-West	26.5	16.3	42.7	3.4	46.1	7.3	58.1
Far North	27.7	19.3	47.0	* 3.2	50.2	* 6.4	62.6
Queensland	397.2	320.2	717.5	59.6	777.1	7.7	56.1
		PERSO	ONS				
Brisbane	557.6	198.3	755.9	63.3	819.2	7.7	65.5
Brisbane City Inner Ring	147.5	48.5	196.0	13.5	209.5	6.5	66.2
Brisbane City Outer Ring	170.7	68.7	239.4	17.2	256.6	6.7	66.2
South and East BSD Balance	118.3	36.5	154.8	16.1	170.9	9.4	67.4
North and West BSD Balance	121.0	44.7	165.7	16.4	182.1	9.0	62.2
Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a)	115.5	55.4	170.9	20.4	191.3	10.6	61.9
Balance of Queensland	656.8	236.2	893.0	77.0	970.1	7.9	64.8
South and East Moreton	114.3	52.4	166.7	18.2	184.9	9.9	62.3
North and West Moreton	100.8	44.0	144.8	13.0	157.8	8.2	62.4
Wide Bay-Burnett	64.2	28.0	92.2	10.6	102.8	10.3	57.3
Darling Downs and South-West	93.8	28.7	122.6	7.4	130.0	5.7	67.5
Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West Northern and North-West	126.8	35.7	162.5	11.7	174.3	6.7	68.1
Far North	79.0 77.7	21.2 26.3	100.3 103.9	7.1 9.0	107.4 112.9	6.6 8.0	68.3 69.6
Queensland	1,214.4	434.5	1,648.9	140.4	1,789.3	7.8	65.1

⁽a) Part (A) included in South and East BSD Balance and Part (B) included in South and East Moreton.

 ${\it TABLE}\ 5-LABOUR\ FORCE\ STATUS:\ STATISTICAL\ REGIONS,\ QUEENSLAND,\ OCTOBER\ 1998$

		Employed			T 1	Unem-	Partici-
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Unemployed	Labour force	ployment rate	pation rate
Region	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%
		MAL	ES				
Brisbane	366.2	55.4	421.6	40.7	462.2	8.8	75.4
Brisbane City Inner Ring	84.9	17.1	102.1	9.3	111.3	8.3	72.9
Brisbane City Outer Ring	113.0	15.9	128.8	9.5	138.3	6.9	73.7
South and East BSD Balance	78.8	10.0	88.8	10.2	99.0	10.3	78.7
North and West BSD Balance	89.5	12.3	101.8	11.7	113.6	10.3	77.3
Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a)	83.2	14.7	97.9	12.7	110.6	11.5	69.0
Balance of Queensland	448.2	63.6	511.8	43.7	555.5	7.9	74.4
South and East Moreton	81.6	15.0	96.6	10.7	107.3	10.0	69.2
North and West Moreton	66.6	12.0	78.6	7.8	86.4	9.0	71.6
Wide Bay-Burnett	45.4	7.5	52.9	5.9	58.9	10.1	68.9
Darling Downs and South-West Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West	61.2 88.1	8.7 7.9	69.9 96.0	4.7 5.4	74.6 101.4	6.3	78.5 78.3
Northern and North-West	55.7	7.9 7.3	63.0	3.4 4.6	67.6	5.3 6.8	78.3 80.5
Far North	49.6	5.1	54.7	4.5	59.3	7.7	77.4
Queensland	814.4	119.0	933.4	84.3	1,017.7	8.3	74.9
		FEMA	LES				
Brisbane	189.8	144.1	333.9	27.9	361.8	7.7	56.9
D. I. C. I. D.							
Brisbane City Inner Ring	57.8 59.6	30.7 50.4	88.5 110.0	3.9 7.5	92.4 117.5	4.2 6.4	57.8 58.4
Brisbane City Outer Ring South and East BSD Balance	35.5	27.1	62.6	9.1	71.6	12.7	56.1
North and West BSD Balance	36.9	35.9	72.8	7.5	80.3	9.3	54.7
Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a)	37.1	34.1	71.2	8.9	80.1	11.2	52.9
Balance of Queensland	195.2	180.1	375.3	35.4	410.7	8.6	54.9
South and East Moreton	37.4	33.0	70.4	7.3	77.7	9.4	53.1
North and West Moreton	27.6	37.9	65.5	6.6	72.1	9.4 9.1	54.5
Wide Bay-Burnett	18.1	18.9	37.0	5.4	42.4	12.8	46.8
Darling Downs and South-West	26.5	24.1	50.6	3.9	54.5	7.1	58.5
Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West	34.4	29.1	63.5	5.2	68.6	7.6	54.9
Northern and North-West	24.2	17.9	42.1	4.0	46.1	8.7	56.5
Far North	27.1	19.1	46.2	* 3.0	49.3	* 6.1	62.7
Queensland	385.0	324.1	709.1	63.3	772.4	8.2	55.8
		PERSO	ONS				
Brisbane	556.0	199.4	755.4	68.6	824.0	8.3	66.0
Brisbane City Inner Ring	142.7	47.8	190.6	13.1	203.7	6.4	65.0
Brisbane City Outer Ring	142.7 172.6	47.8 66.3	238.8	17.0	255.8	6.4 6.6	65.2 65.8
South and East BSD Balance	114.3	37.1	151.4	19.3	170.6	11.3	67.3
North and West BSD Balance	126.4	48.2	174.7	19.2	193.9	9.9	66.0
Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a)	120.3	48.7	169.1	21.6	190.7	11.3	61.2
Balance of Queensland	643.4	243.7	887.1	79.1	966.2	8.2	64.7
V -2							
South and East Moreton North and West Moreton	119.0 94.2	48.0 49.9	167.0 144.1	18.0 14.3	185.0 158.4	9.7 9.0	61.4 62.6
Wide Bay-Burnett	63.5	49.9 26.4	90.0	14.3 11.4	101.3	9.0 11.2	57.5
Darling Downs and South-West	87.6	32.9	120.5	8.6	129.1	6.7	68.6
Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West	122.5	37.0	159.5	10.6	170.1	6.2	66.8
Northern and North-West	79.8	25.2	105.1	8.6	113.7	7.6	68.7
	76.8	24.2	101.0	7.6	108.5	7.0	69.9
Far North	, 0.0						

⁽a) Part (A) included in South and East BSD Balance and Part (B) included in South and East Moreton.

 ${\it TABLE~6-LABOUR~FORCE~STATUS:~STATISTICAL~REGIONS, QUEENSLAND, SEPTEMBER~1998}$

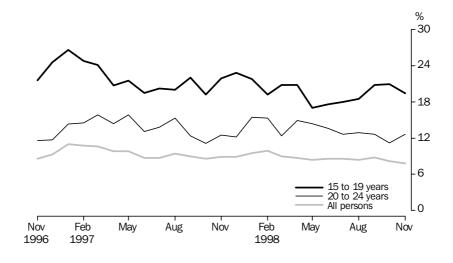
		Employed			Labour	Unem- ployment	Partici- pation
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Unemployed	force	rate	rate
Region	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%
		MAL	ES				
Brisbane	368.8	56.0	424.8	40.2	465.0	8.6	76.0
Brisbane City Inner Ring	87.8	15.4	103.2	11.2	114.4	9.8	74.9
Brisbane City Outer Ring	113.4	18.1	131.6	9.7	141.2	6.8	74.2
South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance	76.8 90.8	9.9 12.5	86.7 103.4	9.5 9.8	96.2 113.1	9.9 8.6	78.7 77.2
Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a)	82.3	13.6	95.9	12.7	108.6	11.7	68.1
Balance of Queensland	433.0	67.5	500.5	53.1	553.7	9.6	74.3
South and East Moreton	79.6	16.0	95.6	10.9	106.5	10.3	69.4
North and West Moreton	63.9	12.7	76.6	10.9	86.6	11.5	72.8
Wide Bay-Burnett	43.0	7.2	50.2	8.4	58.6	14.3	67.9
Darling Downs and South-West	61.0	8.8	69.8	6.4	76.2	8.4	79.0
Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West	83.7	9.0	92.7	8.0	100.8	8.0	78.2
Northern and North-West Far North	53.3 48.5	8.2 5.6	61.5 54.1	6.2 * 3.2	67.6 57.3	9.1 * 5.6	80.2 74.9
Oueensland	801.8	123.5	925.3	93.3	1,018.7	9.2	75.1
<u> </u>	00210	FEMA			2,02017		
D. I	102.1	140.0	222.0	20.1	261.0	7.0	560
Brisbane	192.1	140.8	332.9	28.1	361.0	7.8	56.9
Brisbane City Inner Ring	61.9	30.1	92.0	5.7	97.8	5.9	60.6
Brisbane City Outer Ring	56.9	49.8	106.7	6.9	113.6	6.0	56.8
South and East BSD Balance North and West BSD Balance	33.8 39.4	27.0 33.9	60.8 73.4	8.8 6.8	69.6 80.1	12.6 8.4	55.7 53.9
Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a)	38.3	35.0	73.3	10.2	83.4	12.2	54.7
Balance of Queensland	199.1	175.4	374.5	35.6	410.1	8.7	55.0
South and East Moreton	38.7	34.3	73.0	9.9	82.9	12.0	55.8
North and West Moreton	29.0	36.0	65.0	5.4	70.4	7.7	52.3
Wide Bay-Burnett	20.3	15.8	36.0	4.6	40.7	11.4	44.7
Darling Downs and South-West	26.9	23.2	50.1	3.4	53.5	6.3	58.0
Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West	35.1	30.3	65.5	5.8	71.3	8.2	57.1
Northern and North-West	23.7	19.4	43.1	4.2	47.3	9.0	59.0
Far North	25.4	16.5	41.8	* 2.2	44.0	* 5.0	59.2
Queensland	391.2	316.2	707.4	63.8	771.2	8.3	55.9
		PERSO	ONS				
Brisbane	560.9	196.8	757.7	68.3	826.0	8.3	66.3
Brisbane City Inner Ring	149.7	45.5	195.2	17.0	212.2	8.0	67.6
Brisbane City Outer Ring	170.4	67.9	238.3	16.5	254.8	6.5	65.3
South and East BSD Balance	110.6	36.9	147.5	18.3	165.8	11.0	67.1
North and West BSD Balance	130.3	46.5	176.7	16.5	193.3	8.6	65.5
Gold Coast (Part A and Part B)(a)	120.6	48.6	169.2	22.8	192.0	11.9	61.5
Balance of Queensland	632.1	242.9	875.0	88.8	963.8	9.2	64.6
South and East Moreton	118.3	50.3	168.6	20.8	189.4	11.0	62.7
North and West Moreton	92.9	48.7	141.6	15.4	157.0	9.8	61.9
Wide Bay-Burnett	63.3	22.9	86.3	13.0	99.3	13.1	56.0
Darling Downs and South-West	87.9	32.0	119.9	9.8	129.8	7.6	68.7
Mackay, Fitzroy and Central-West	118.9	39.4	158.2	13.9	172.1	8.1	67.8
Northern and North-West Far North	77.0 73.9	27.6 22.1	104.5 95.9	10.4 5.4	114.9 101.3	9.1 5.3	69.9 67.1
Queensland	1,193.0	439.7	1,632.7	157.1	1,789.8	8.8	65.4

⁽a) Part (A) included in South and East BSD Balance and Part (B) included in South and East Moreton.

TABLE 7 — LABOUR FORCE STATUS: AGE BY MAJOR STATISTICAL REGION, QUEENSLAND, NOVEMBER 1998

		Employed				Unem-	Partici-
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Unemployed	Labour force	ployment rate	pation rate
Age group (years)	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%
]	BRISBANE MA	JOR STATIS	STICAL REGION			
15-24	76.2	70.1	146.3	28.5	174.8	16.3	71.2
15-19	15.2	40.6	55.7	15.2	70.9	21.4	60.6
20-24	61.0	29.5	90.6	13.3	103.9	12.8	80.8
25-44	304.1	74.3	378.4	22.0	400.4	5.5	81.1
45 and over	177.3	53.8	231.1	12.9	244.0	5.3	47.7
Total	557.6	198.3	755.9	63.3	819.2	7.7	65.5
		BALANO	CE OF QUE	ENSLAND			
15-24	104.8	63.2	168.0	29.2	197.2	14.8	73.2
15-19	29.9	43.2	73.1	15.8	88.9	17.8	64.0
20-24	74.9	20.1	95.0	13.4	108.3	12.3	82.8
25-44	335.3	100.0	435.4	29.5	464.9	6.3	81.4
45 and over	216.7	73.0	289.7	18.4	308.0	6.0	47.0
Total	656.8	236.2	893.0	77.0	970.1	7.9	64.8
		Q	UEENSLAN	ND			
15-24	181.0	133.3	314.3	57.7	372.0	15.5	72.2
15-19	45.0	83.7	128.8	31.0	159.8	19.4	62.5
20-24	135.9	49.6	185.5	26.6	212.2	12.6	81.8
25-44	639.5	174.3	813.8	51.4	865.3	5.9	81.2
45 and over	394.0	126.8	520.8	31.2	552.0	5.7	47.3
Total	1,214.4	434.5	1,648.9	140.4	1,789.3	7.8	65.1

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE BY AGE, QUEENSLAND



 $\hbox{TABLE 8-LABOUR FORCE STATUS: PERSONS AGED 15 TO 19 YEARS BY FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, QUEENSLAND, NOVEMBER 1998 } \\$

		Employed				Not in	Civilian population aged	Unem-	Partici-
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Unemployed	Labour force	labour force	15 to 19 years	ployment rate	pation rate
Sex	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%
	ATTENDING	G NEITHER SCI	HOOL NO	R A TERTIARY	EDUCATION	AL INSTITU	TION FULL-T	TIME	
Males	26.8	5.7	32.5	8.2	40.7	* 3.1	43.8	20.1	92.9
Females	16.9	8.7	25.6	7.6	33.2	5.5	38.7	22.8	85.7
Persons	43.8	14.4	58.1	15.7	73.9	8.7	82.5	21.3	89.5
		ATTENDING A	A TERTIAI	RY EDUCATION	IAL INSTITUT	TION FULL-	TIME		
Males	* 1.0	9.0	10.0	* 0.7	10.8	7.6	18.4	* 6.9	58.5
Females	* 0.3	10.9	11.2	* 2.0	13.2	5.9	19.1	* 15.4	69.2
Persons	* 1.3	19.9	21.2	* 2.8	23.9	13.5	37.5	* 11.6	63.9
				ATTENDING SC	CHOOL				
Males	* 0.0	21.8	21.8	6.4	28.2	41.4	69.6	22.6	40.5
Females	* 0.0	27.7	27.7	6.1	33.8	32.4	66.2	18.2	51.1
Persons	* 0.0	49.5	49.5	12.5	62.0	73.8	135.8	20.2	45.7
				TOTAL					
Males	27.8	36.5	64.3	15.3	79.6	52.2	131.8	19.2	60.4
Females	17.2	47.3	64.4	15.7	80.2	43.8	124.0	19.6	64.7
Persons	45.0	83.7	128.8	31.0	159.8	96.0	255.8	19.4	62.5

TABLE 9 — LABOUR FORCE STATUS: PERSONS AGED 20 TO 24 YEARS BY FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT A TERTIARY INSTITUTION, QUEENSLAND, NOVEMBER 1998

		Employed				Not in	Civilian population aged	Unem-	Partici-
	Full-time	Part-time	Total	Unemployed	Labour force	labour force	20 to 24 years	ployment rate	pation rate
Sex	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%
	No	OT ATTENDING	G A TERTI	ARY EDUCATION	ONAL INSTIT	UTION FUL	L-TIME		
Males	79.4	9.9	89.3	13.6	102.9	5.4	108.3	13.2	95.0
Females	54.5	18.7	73.2	10.4	83.6	19.7	103.3	12.4	80.9
Persons	133.9	28.6	162.5	23.9	186.4	25.1	211.5	12.8	88.1
		ATTENDING A	TERTIA	RY EDUCATION	AL INSTITUT	TION FULL-	TIME		
Males	* 1.5	8.9	10.4	* 1.6	12.0	11.8	23.8	* 13.6	50.4
Females	* 0.6	12.1	12.7	* 1.1	13.7	10.2	23.9	* 7.9	57.4
Persons	* 2.0	21.0	23.0	* 2.7	25.7	22.0	47.8	* 10.5	53.9
				TOTAL					
Males	80.8	18.8	99.7	15.2	114.9	17.2	132.1	13.2	87.0
Females	55.1	30.8	85.8	11.5	97.3	29.9	127.2	11.8	76.5
Persons	135.9	49.6	185.5	26.6	212.2	47.1	259.3	12.6	81.8

 ${\it TABLE~10-EMPLOYED~PERSONS:~FULL-TIME~OR~PART-TIME~STATUS,~QUEENSLAND}$

					I	Temales				
	Ма	les	Mar	ried	Not me	arried	Tota	l	Perso	ns
Month	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time
					'000					
1997 —										
September	781.3	113.0	218.7	204.8	164.1	107.4	382.9	312.2	1,164.2	425.2
October	787.1	117.9	218.9	198.7	163.6	113.4	382.5	312.1	1,169.6	430.0
November	781.5	112.2	223.4	197.9	162.8	112.9	386.2	310.9	1,167.7	423.1
December	795.7	114.8	231.4	185.6	173.1	106.6	404.5	292.2	1,200.2	407.0
1998 —										
January	792.6	108.5	222.3	175.7	164.3	108.2	386.6	283.9	1,179.2	392.4
February	792.1	113.1	230.6	195.8	160.0	111.8	390.6	307.6	1,182.7	420.7
March	789.0	116.5	220.2	204.5	162.0	109.4	382.3	314.0	1,171.2	430.5
April	793.1	109.9	229.3	197.7	161.4	116.4	390.7	314.1	1,183.8	424.0
May	783.1	120.2	228.2	201.4	159.6	116.9	387.9	318.3	1,170.9	438.5
June	791.2	121.7	222.5	208.5	165.7	112.0	388.2	320.5	1,179.4	442.2
July	799.6	111.3	230.9	196.3	161.0	116.7	391.9	312.9	1,191.5	424.3
August	791.0	113.5	227.2	201.5	153.8	116.7	381.0	318.2	1,172.1	431.7
September	801.8	123.5	231.2	199.8	160.0	116.4	391.2	316.2	1,193.0	439.7
October	814.4	119.0	227.9	199.9	157.1	124.2	385.0	324.1	1,199.4	443.1
November	817.2	114.3	237.8	200.5	159.5	119.7	397.2	320.2	1,214.4	434.5
				PI	ER CENT (a)				
1997 —										
September	87.4	12.6	51.6	48.4	60.4	39.6	55.1	44.9	73.2	26.8
October	87.0	13.0	52.4	47.6	59.1	40.9	55.1	44.9	73.1	26.9
November	87.4	12.6	53.0	47.0	59.0	41.0	55.4	44.6	73.4	26.6
December	87.4	12.6	55.5	44.5	61.9	38.1	58.1	41.9	74.7	25.3
1998 —										
January	88.0	12.0	55.9	44.1	60.3	39.7	57.7	42.3	75.0	25.0
February	87.5	12.5	54.1	45.9	58.9	41.1	55.9	44.1	73.8	26.2
March	87.1	12.9	51.8	48.2	59.7	40.3	54.9	45.1	73.1	26.9
April	87.8	12.2	53.7	46.3	58.1	41.9	55.4	44.6	73.6	26.4
May	86.7	13.3	53.1	46.9	57.7	42.3	54.9	45.1	72.8	27.2
June	86.7	13.3	51.6	48.4	59.7	40.3	54.8	45.2	72.7	27.3
July	87.8	12.2	54.1	45.9	58.0	42.0	55.6	44.4	73.7	26.3
August	87.5	12.5	53.0	47.0	56.9	43.1	54.5	45.5	73.1	26.9
September	86.7	13.3	53.6	46.4	57.9	42.1	55.3	44.7	73.1	26.9
October	87.3	12.7	53.3	46.7	55.9	44.1	54.3	45.7	73.0	27.0
November	87.7	12.3	54.3	45.7	57.1	42.9	55.4	44.6	73.6	26.4

(a) Full-time and part-time as a proportion of employed persons in each category.

TABLE 11 — EMPLOYED PERSONS: AVERAGE HOURS WORKED BY STATUS IN EMPLOYMENT, INDUSTRY DIVISION AND OCCUPATION GROUP, QUEENSLAND, NOVEMBER 1998

			Females		
Status in employment, industry division and occupation group	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
Status in employment					
Employers	57.4	36.8	47.2	38.6	50.7
Own account workers	45.3	30.7	30.1	30.6	40.4
Employees	40.3	30.0	28.8	29.5	35.4
Contributing family workers	23.4	11.5	14.8	13.1	17.5
Industry division					
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	52.5	31.1	32.7	31.4	45.3
Mining	44.9	* 66.3	* 52.0	* 61.6	45.5
Manufacturing	41.7	33.2	34.0	33.4	39.6
Electricity, gas and water supply	41.0	* 38.2	* 0.0	* 38.2	40.6
Construction	43.0	20.5	25.9	21.3	40.0
Wholesale trade	43.2	32.4	36.7	33.7	40.5
Retail trade	37.8	30.2	21.4	26.0	31.8
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	38.4	30.6	27.8	29.1	33.0
Transport and storage	43.5	38.5	38.4	38.5	42.6
Communication services	40.3	39.2	32.8	36.7	38.9
Finance and insurance	40.5	31.1	33.4	31.7	35.4
Property and business services	43.2	26.3	29.7	27.7	36.9
Government administration and defence	37.4	33.0	34.1	33.5	35.7
Education	40.4	32.0	33.3	32.4	35.0
Health and community services	38.4	29.7	31.6	30.4	31.9
Cultural and recreational services	34.9	25.1	21.4	23.3	29.4
Personal and other services	36.0	28.0	29.8	28.9	32.5
Occupation group					
Managers and administrators	54.5	33.6	35.5	33.9	49.2
Professionals	43.5	34.0	36.4	34.9	39.3
Associate professionals	46.8	41.6	40.3	41.2	44.8
Tradespersons and related workers	41.8	27.8	29.0	28.3	40.7
Advanced clerical and service workers	39.6	25.2	33.0	27.2	28.5
Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers	36.8	28.8	29.7	29.2	31.1
Intermediate production and transport workers	41.5	30.8	30.8	30.8	40.2
Elementary clerical, sales and service workers	29.8	25.3	19.8	22.2	24.9
Labourers and related workers	35.1	26.8	23.6	25.5	31.3
Full-time workers	45.4	41.4	39.6	40.7	43.9
Part-time workers	15.3	17.1	14.9	16.3	16.0
Total	41.7	30.3	29.0	29.8	36.5

TABLE 12 — EMPLOYED PERSONS: STATUS IN EMPLOYMENT, INDUSTRY DIVISION AND OCCUPATION GROUP, QUEENSLAND, NOVEMBER 1998 ('000)

	(000)	·	Females		
			remates		
Particulars	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
Status in employment					
Employers	50.8	23.4	4.8	28.1	78.9
Own account workers	120.0	50.3	8.8	59.1	179.1
Employees	755.6	361.2	262.4	623.6	1,379.2
Contributing family workers	5.0	3.5	* 3.2	6.7	11.7
Industry division					
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	69.5	28.2	7.8	35.9	105.5
Mining	19.1	* 0.5	* 0.2	* 0.7	19.8
Manufacturing	137.2	32.5	16.2	48.7	186.0
Electricity, gas and water supply	10.8	* 1.6	* 0.0	* 1.6	12.4
Construction	122.5	16.5	* 2.9	19.3	141.8
Wholesale trade	64.9	18.0	7.5	25.5	90.4
Retail trade	129.4	71.2	63.5	134.7	264.0
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	37.5	24.4	28.2	52.6	90.0
Transport and storage	67.2	8.5	7.2	15.6	82.9
Communication services	14.5	5.3	* 3.4	8.7	23.2
Finance and insurance	18.6	18.6	7.1	25.7	44.3
Property and business services	88.4	36.2	24.7	60.9	149.3
Government administration and defence	30.6	14.0	11.4	25.4	56.0
Education	38.3	54.3	27.0	81.3	119.6
Health and community services	30.0	83.6	47.1	130.7	160.7
Cultural and recreational services	22.3	10.6	9.7	20.3	42.6
Personal and other services	30.6	14.3	15.5	29.8	60.4
Occupation group					
Managers and administrators	83.2	23.0	5.5	28.4	111.7
Professionals	127.3	79.4	46.2	125.6	252.9
Associate professionals	114.1	41.7	19.6	61.4	175.4
Tradespersons and related workers	203.9	10.8	7.9	18.7	222.6
Advanced clerical and service workers	7.6	48.1	16.2	64.3	71.9
Intermediate clerical, sales and service workers	74.3	130.2	86.1	216.3	290.6
Intermediate production and transport workers	149.7	13.9	6.7	20.6	170.3
Elementary clerical, sales and service workers	60.2	47.3	62.3	109.6	169.7
Labourers and related workers	111.2	43.9	28.6	72.5	183.8
Total	931.5	438.3	279.2	717.5	1,648.9

TABLE 13 — EMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY DIVISION BY OCCUPATION GROUP, QUEENSLAND, NOVEMBER 1998 ('000)

			,	0	ccupation	group				
Industry division	Managers and adminis- trators	Profess- ionals	Assoc- iate profess- ionals	Trades- persons and related workers	Adva- nced clerical and service workers	Inter- mediate clerical sales and service workers	Inter- mediate product- ion and transport workers	Element- ary clerical sales and service workers	Labourers and related workers	Total
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	55.7	* 1.7	* 1.0	* 2.1	* 1.5	* 3.1	8.6	* 0.3	31.4	105.5
Mining	* 0.5	* 1.9	* 1.6	4.4	* 0.0	* 0.5	9.7	* 0.0	* 1.1	19.8
Manufacturing	9.4	11.0	11.0	56.9	7.8	16.5	37.9	* 2.0	33.4	186.0
Electricity, gas and water	* 0.2	* 2.6	* 2.1	* 3.1	* 0.7	* 1.7	* 1.0	* 0.5	* 0.5	12.4
Construction	8.7	* 1.9	8.2	66.6	9.1	8.9	19.6	* 0.3	18.4	141.8
Wholesale trade	8.2	7.6	9.1	8.6	5.5	23.6	16.6	6.2	4.9	90.4
Retail trade	* 2.0	8.0	40.7	34.7	5.2	26.3	21.8	106.6	18.7	264.0
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants	* 1.3	* 0.8	19.1	9.3	* 1.0	29.9	* 2.0	9.3	17.3	90.0
Transport and storage	* 1.3	6.9	4.5	4.8	3.7	12.9	39.7	5.2	3.8	82.9
Communication services	* 0.0	* 2.5	* 0.8	5.7	* 0.7	4.0	* 2.3	7.2	* 0.0	23.2
Finance and insurance	* 2.3	* 2.6	10.8	* 0.5	7.6	19.1	* 0.3	* 1.0	* 0.3	44.3
Property and business services	6.4	48.1	22.5	5.4	15.7	18.6	3.6	9.2	19.8	149.3
Government administration and defence	4.9	12.6	6.0	* 2.5	* 3.2	18.1	* 1.8	4.8	* 2.1	56.0
Education	3.9	76.3	4.2	* 1.2	* 2.7	21.7	* 0.5	* 2.7	6.4	119.6
Health and community services	4.7	54.3	14.6	* 1.3	4.2	62.1	* 1.2	* 2.5	15.7	160.7
Cultural and recreational services	* 1.5	7.7	8.0	4.8	* 1.1	8.6	* 1.3	6.6	* 3.0	42.6
Personal and other services	* 0.7	6.4	11.0	10.6	* 2.3	14.7	* 2.4	5.3	7.0	60.4
Total	111.7	252.9	175.4	222.6	71.9	290.6	170.3	169.7	183.8	1,648.9

TABLE 14 — UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, BRISBANE MAJOR STATISTICAL REGION

		1997			1998	
Duration of unemployment	September	October	November	September	October	November
		MALES				
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
Unemployed						
Under 4 weeks	5.4	4.7	6.4	8.1	7.0	6.5
4 and under 8 weeks	* 3.3	* 3.4	4.2	4.5	3.7	4.3
8 and under 13 weeks	* 3.3	* 3.3	* 2.9	4.2	4.0	* 2.2
13 and under 26 weeks	5.6	4.6	5.1	5.0	4.6	5.0
26 and under 52 weeks	8.9	6.7	6.7	5.6	9.7	8.8
52 weeks and over	11.8	11.4	11.6	12.8	11.6	9.7
Total	38.3	34.0	36.9	40.2	40.7	36.5
	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks
Median duration of unemployment	30	26	22	17	26	26
		FEMALES				
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
Unemployed						
Under 4 weeks	6.0	5.9	6.7	6.5	4.4	5.5
4 and under 8 weeks	* 1.9	3.8	3.8	* 2.7	* 3.1	* 3.3
8 and under 13 weeks	4.6	* 2.0	* 2.8	4.9	3.9	* 1.7
13 and under 26 weeks	5.6	4.8	* 2.4	* 3.2	* 3.4	* 2.6
26 and under 52 weeks	6.6	6.4	5.1	3.6	4.6	6.8
52 weeks and over	6.5	6.0	6.8	7.1	8.4	7.0
Total	31.2	28.9	27.6	28.1	27.9	26.8
	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks
Median duration of unemployment	17	16	13	12	18	26
		PERSONS				
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
Unemployed						
Under 4 weeks	11.4	10.6	13.1	14.6	11.4	12.0
4 and under 8 weeks	5.2	7.2	7.9	7.2	6.9	7.6
8 and under 13 weeks	7.8	5.3	5.7	9.1	7.9	3.9
13 and under 26 weeks	11.2	9.4	7.6	8.2	8.0	7.6
26 and under 52 weeks	15.5	13.1	11.8	9.2	14.4	15.6
52 weeks and over	18.3	17.4	18.3	20.0	20.0	16.7
Total	69.5	62.9	64.5	68.3	68.6	63.3
	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks
Median duration of unemployment	22	22	21	15	26	26

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 ${\it TABLE~15-UNEMPLOYED~PERSONS:~DURATION~OF~UNEMPLOYMENT, BALANCE~OF~QUEENSLAND}$

		1997			1998	
Duration of unemployment	September	October	November	September	October	November
		MALES				
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
Unemployed						
Under 4 weeks	5.2	8.1	6.9	6.6	5.6	6.3
4 and under 8 weeks	4.6	6.0	8.0	6.1	* 3.4	* 3.
8 and under 13 weeks	6.3	3.6	3.6	4.0	4.0	* 2.
13 and under 26 weeks	5.9	10.5	8.1	9.7	5.9	6.
26 and under 52 weeks	10.5	9.1	10.0	10.6	8.5	10.
52 weeks and over	19.2	16.8	18.0	16.2	16.2	13.
Total	51.7	54.0	54.6	53.1	43.7	44.
	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	week
Median duration of unemployment	32	21	26	26	28	2
		FEMALES				
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
Unemployed						
Under 4 weeks	7.8	6.3	7.1	5.9	8.5	6.4
4 and under 8 weeks	* 2.5	* 3.2	* 3.3	4.3	* 3.0	* 3.
8 and under 13 weeks	4.2	3.5	3.7	3.5	4.3	* 3.
13 and under 26 weeks	* 3.2	4.4	4.9	5.5	3.8	3.
26 and under 52 weeks	9.7	7.6	6.1	8.1	7.4	8.
52 weeks and over	8.8	8.8	11.6	8.3	8.4	8.
Total	36.2	33.7	36.8	35.6	35.4	32.
	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	week
Median duration of unemployment	26	22	20	23	14	20
		PERSONS				
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
Unemployed						
Under 4 weeks	12.9	14.4	14.1	12.5	14.0	13.
4 and under 8 weeks	7.2	9.2	11.3	10.4	6.5	6
8 and under 13 weeks	10.5	7.1	7.3	7.5	8.3	6.
13 and under 26 weeks	9.1	14.8	13.0	15.1	9.8	10.4
26 and under 52 weeks	20.2	16.7	16.1	18.8	16.0	18.
52 weeks and over	28.0	25.6	29.6	24.5	24.6	22.
Total	87.9	87.7	91.3	88.8	79.1	77.0
	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	week
Median duration of unemployment	27	21	25	24	26	20

 ${\it TABLE~16-UNEMPLOYED~PERSONS:~DURATION~OF~UNEMPLOYMENT, QUEENSLAND}$

Duration of unemployment	September	October MALES	November	September	October	November
	'000	MALES				
	'000					
	000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
Unemployed						
Under 4 weeks	10.5	12.7	13.3	14.7	12.5	13.4
4 and under 8 weeks	7.9	9.4	12.1	10.6	7.2	7.7
8 and under 13 weeks	9.5	6.9	6.5	8.2	8.0	4.9
13 and under 26 weeks	11.5	15.0	13.2	14.6	10.5	11.9
26 and under 52 weeks	19.5	15.8	16.7	16.2	18.3	19.2
52 weeks and over	31.0	28.2	29.6	29.1	27.8	23.6
Total	90.1	88.0	91.4	93.3	84.3	80.7
	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks
Median duration of unemployment	30	25	26	23	26	26
		FEMALES				
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
Unemployed						
Under 4 weeks	13.8	12.2	13.9	12.4	12.9	11.9
4 and under 8 weeks	4.4	7.0	7.1	7.0	6.2	6.3
8 and under 13 weeks	8.8	5.5	6.5	8.5	8.2	5.1
13 and under 26 weeks	8.8	9.2	7.3	8.7	7.2	6.1
26 and under 52 weeks	16.2	14.0	11.3	11.7	12.1	14.8
52 weeks and over	15.3	14.8	18.4	15.4	16.8	15.4
Total	67.4	62.6	64.4	63.8	63.3	59.6
	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks
Median duration of unemployment	22	20	17	17	15	26
		PERSONS				
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
Unemployed						
Under 4 weeks	24.3	24.9	27.2	27.1	25.4	25.3
4 and under 8 weeks	12.4	16.4	19.2	17.6	13.3	14.0
8 and under 13 weeks	18.3	12.4	13.1	16.7	16.2	10.0
13 and under 26 weeks	20.4	24.2	20.6	23.3	17.8	18.0
26 and under 52 weeks	35.7	29.8	27.9	28.0	30.3	34.0
52 weeks and over	46.4	43.0	47.9	44.5	44.6	39.0
Total	157.4	150.6	155.9	157.1	147.7	140.4
	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks	weeks
Median duration of unemployment	26	22	22	21	26	26

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TABLE 17 — UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATES: INDUSTRY DIVISION AND OCCUPATION GROUP OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB, QUEENSLAND

	November	1997	February	1998	May 19	98	August 1	998	November	1998
Unemployment category,	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
industry division										
and occupation group	'000	%	'000	%	'000	%	'000	%	'000	%
Persons who had worked full-time for 2 weeks										
or more in the last 2 years	81.4	4.9	93.4	5.5	75.5	4.5	75.1	4.5	65.8	3.8
Industry division										
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	6.7	6.2	8.8	8.7	4.3	4.5	3.7	3.5	4.8	4.4
Manufacturing	14.1	7.5	12.6	6.7	14.2	7.5	16.0	8.1	10.5	5.3
Construction	5.6	4.3	8.9	6.4	7.6	5.5	7.1	5.1	5.3	3.6
Wholesale trade	* 3.1	* 3.7	5.8	5.9	4.5	4.2	4.4	4.3	3.9	4.2
Retail trade	14.4	5.4	16.8	6.2	11.3	4.4	12.5	4.8	13.8	4.9
Property and business services	6.8	4.1	8.5	4.9	6.7	4.1	6.3	3.9	5.3	3.4
Health and community services	4.9	3.3	4.4	2.9	3.7	2.3	* 2.8	* 1.7	* 2.3	* 1.4
Cultural and recreational										
services	* 2.9	* 6.7	* 1.5	* 4.1	* 2.7	* 6.8	* 1.6	* 4.3	* 1.6	* 3.6
Other industries	22.8	4.2	26.2	4.8	20.6	3.8	20.7	4.0	18.4	3.5
Occupation group										
Managers and administrators	* 2.0	* 1.7	* 1.2	* 1.1	* 1.8	* 1.6	* 1.3	* 1.1	* 1.0	* 0.9
Professionals	5.0	2.1	6.6	2.7	3.8	1.5	* 3.4	* 1.3	* 3.3	* 1.3
Associate professionals	6.6	3.5	8.1	4.5	5.2	2.8	5.9	3.4	4.4	2.5
Tradespersons and related workers	8.7	4.0	13.0	5.5	13.0	5.7	12.0	5.4	10.7	4.6
Advanced clerical and										
service workers	* 1.4	* 1.9	* 1.0	* 1.2	* 1.0	* 1.2	* 1.6	* 2.1	* 1.5	* 2.0
Intermediate clerical, sales and										
service workers	12.6	4.3	15.1	5.2	11.1	3.7	12.4	4.2	10.1	3.3
Intermediate production										
and transport workers	11.0	7.0	12.7	7.5	9.7	5.9	13.0	7.2	8.6	4.8
Elementary clerical, sales										
and service workers	8.9	4.6	10.9	5.7	7.6	4.2	8.9	5.3	8.8	4.9
Labourers and related workers	25.3	13.0	24.9	12.5	22.4	11.3	16.6	8.6	17.2	8.5
Reason for ceasing last full-time job										
Job loser										
Laid off, retrenched	31.8		36.1		32.0		30.5		27.7	
Other	22.9		25.8		19.4		16.9		16.3	
Job leaver	26.7		31.5		24.0		27.8	••	21.9	
Other										
Persons looking for first job	17.4		14.5		11.3		12.1		14.5	
Former workers	51.9		63.8		58.1		55.4		56.7	
Persons stood down	5.1		4.8		* 2.4		4.9		* 3.3	
Total	155.9	8.9	176.5	9.9	147.3	8.4	147.5	8.4	140.4	7.8
Looking for full-time work	122.2	9.5	140.9	10.6	117.1	9.1	115.9	9.0	106.8	8.1
Looking for part-time work	33.6	7.4	35.5	7.8	30.2	6.4	31.6	6.8	33.6	7.2

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Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of demographic and labour force characteristics data, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force are carried out from time to time. The results of these surveys on labour force and related topics are published separately as shown below. All publications refer to Australia.

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Title of publication	Latest data	Catalogue No.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Annual and Long Service Leave Taken	May 1988 to April	
Allitudi dilu Lolig Selvice Leave Takeli	1989	6317.0
Career Experience	November 1996	6254.0
Career Paths of Persons with Trade Qualifications	1993	6243.0
Career Paths of Qualified Nurses	March to July 1989	6277.0
Child Care	March 1996	4402.0
Education and Training Experience	1997	6278.0
Employment Benefits	August 1994	6334.0.40.001
Job Search Experience of Unemployed Persons	July 1998	6222.0
Labour Force Experience	February 1997	6206.0
Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment	February 1994	6235.0
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families	June 1998	6224.0
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Migrants	November 1996	6250.0
Labour Mobility	February 1998	6209.0
Multiple Jobholding	August 1997	6216.0
Participation in Education (formerly Labour Force Status		
and Educational Attendance)	September 1997	6272.0
Persons Employed at Home	September 1995	6275.0
Persons Not in the Labour Force	September 1997	6220.0
Persons Who Had Re-entered the Labour Force	July 1995	6264.0.40.001
Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force	September 1994	6267.0.40.001
Retrenchment and Redundancy	July 1997	6266.0
Retirement and Retirement Intentions	November 1997	6238.0
Successful and Unsuccessful Job Search Experience	July 1996	6245.0
Superannuation	November 1995	6319.0
Survey of Income and Housing Costs and Amenities	1989-90	6546.0
Trade Union Members	August 1996	6325.0
Transition from Education to Work	May 1998	6227.0
Underemployed Workers	September 1997	6265.0
Weekly Earnings, Benefits and Trade Union Membership	August 1998	6310.0
Working Arrangements	August 1997	6342.0

LABOUR FORCE SUPPLEMENTARY SURVEY PROGRAM — 1998

Topic	Survey month
Labour Mobility	February 1998
Transition from Education to Work	May 1998
Job Search Experience of Unemployed Persons	July 1998
Successful and Unsuccessful Job Search Experience	July 1998
Multiple Jobholding	July 1998
Weekly Earnings	August 1998
Employment Benefits	August 1998
Trade Union Members	August 1998
Non-standard Employment	August 1998
Persons Not in the Labour Force	September 1998
Underemployment	September 1998
Participation in Education	September 1998
Career Experience	November 1998

Job Search Experience of Unemployed Persons, Australia, July 1998 (6222.0), (\$18.50). Provides estimates of unemployed persons classified by difficulties in finding work, duration of current period of unemployment, whether would move interstate or intrastate if offered a suitable job, active steps taken to find work, whether looking for full-time or part-time work, educational attainment, number of spells of looking for work in the previous 12 months.

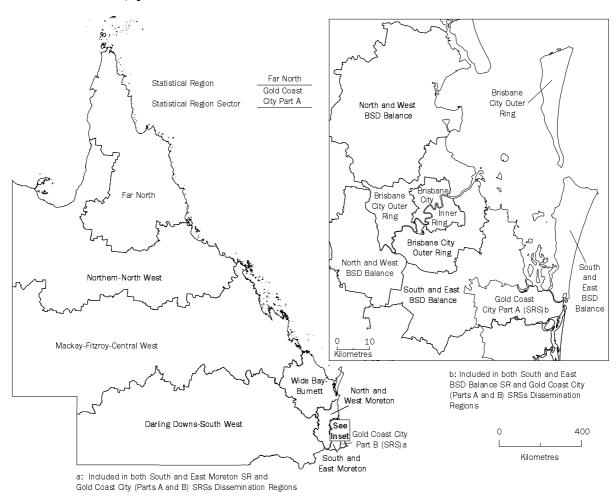
Transition from Education to Work, Australia, May 1998 (6227.0), (\$19.00). Provides information on the civilian population aged 15 to 64 by whether attended an educational institution, type of attendance, type of educational institution attended, level of course and broad field of study in the previous year, whether currently attending an educational institution, type of attendance, type of educational institution currently attending, level of course and broad field of study, whether left full-time education in the previous year and up to the survey month, type of school last attended/ attending, whether completed the highest year of secondary schooling available and for those not attending whether they applied for entrance to an educational institution and were unable to gain a place. Information also includes highest level of education attained. For persons with post-school qualifications this includes the main field of study for that qualification and the year in which it was obtained.

Education and Training Experience, Australia, 1997 (6278.0), (\$30.00). Provides details of the training and education experiences of persons in Australia who had worked as wage and salary earners in the last 12 months, as well as those who, at the time of the survey, were employers, self-employed, unemployed, marginally attached to the labour force or who were in full-time or part-time education. Details are provided on: educational attainment; work history; education and training provision; recent study for educational qualifications; completed qualifications; qualifications attempted but not completed; intentions to study; training courses and on-the-job training undertaken in the last 12 months.

Employee Earnings, Benefits and Trade Union Membership, Australia, August 1998 (6310.0), (\$21.00).

Contains results of a survey conducted annually since 1975 (except in 1996) showing the distribution of weekly earnings of all wage and salary earners classified by full-time/part-time status, permanent or casual employee, sector, hours worked and hours paid for, industry of main job and occupation of main job.

STATISTICAL REGIONS, QUEENSLAND



BRISBANE CITY INNER RING

Albion	Clayfield	Highgate Hill	Red Hill
Alderley	Coorparoo	Holland Park	Sherwood
Annerley	Corinda	Holland Park West	South Brisbane
Ascot	Dutton Park	Indooroopilly	Spring Hill
Ashgrove	East Brisbane	Kangaroo Point	St Lucia
Balmoral	Enoggera (including	Kedron	Stafford
Bardon	Military Camp)	Kelvin Grove	Stafford Heights
Bowen Hills	Fairfield	Lutwyche	Taringa
Bulimba	Fortitude Valley - Inner	Milton	Tarragindi
Camp Hill	Fortitude Valley - Remainder	Moorooka	Toowong
Cannon Hill	Graceville	Morningside	West End
Carina	Grange	New Farm	Wilston
Carina Heights	Greenslopes	Newmarket	Windsor
Carindale	Hamilton	Newstead	Woolloongabba
Chelmer	Hawthorne	Norman Park	Wooloowin
City - Inner	Hendra	Nundah	Yeerongpilly
City - Remainder	Herston	Paddington	Yeronga

EXPLANATORY NOTES

POPULATION SURVEY

1 This survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings and non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.) and usually covers approximately three-fifths of 1% of the population of Queensland. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by carefully chosen and specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during a period of 2 weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the reference week).

SCOPE

- **2** The labour force survey includes all persons aged 15 years and over except:
- members of the permanent defence forces,
- certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations,
- overseas residents in Australia and
- members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.

COVERAGE

- **3** In the labour force survey, coverage rules are applied which aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling and hence has only one chance of selection. The coverage rules are, necessarily, a balance between theoretical and operational considerations. Nevertheless, the chance of a person being enumerated at two separate dwellings in the one survey is considered to be negligible.
- **4** Persons who are away from their usual residence for 6 weeks or less at the time of interview are enumerated at their usual residence when relevant information can be obtained from other usual residents present at the time of the survey.

SUPPLEMENTARY AND SPECIAL SURVEYS

5 Emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population. However, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force, or of other subjects, are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are published and are available on request. A list of survey publications on labour force and related topics is shown on page 21.

POPULATION BENCHMARKS

- **6** Labour force survey estimates of persons employed, unemployed and not in the labour force are calculated in such a way as to add up to the independently estimated distribution of the population aged 15 years and over by age and sex. This procedure compensates for under-enumeration in the survey and leads to more reliable estimates. The independent population statistics (benchmarks) are the latest available estimates at the time the labour force survey is conducted. They usually differ from the official population estimates subsequently published in the quarterly ABS publication *Australian Demographic Statistics* (3101.0) because they are necessarily derived from incomplete information about population changes.
- **7** Since regular estimates of the population are not available at the regional level, the State benchmarks were used to produce regional estimates. This

methodology assumes a common pattern of under-enumeration at the regional level and also ensures that regional estimates add to the State totals.

8 While this procedure can be expected to provide reliable estimates of unemployment and participation rates, it cannot be taken as completely reliable for estimates of numbers involved. For this reason, estimates of numbers in each region have not been added to provide an estimate of the total civilian population aged 15 years and over.

REVISION OF SERIES

- **9** Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each census of population and housing and when population estimation bases are reviewed. These revisions affect unadjusted, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates. The last such revision was made in February 1994 to take account of the results of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing. This affected all the monthly estimates from January 1989 to January 1994.
- **10** The estimates shown in this publication are based entirely on place of usual residence. Prior to October 1982, the estimates were based on a combination of place of enumeration and place of usual residence.
- **11** Until February 1978, surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year from 1964. From February 1978 the survey has been conducted on a monthly basis.
- **12** The questionnaire used in the survey for the collection of labour force data has been revised a number of times. Details of these changes have been published in *Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey* (6232.0) in March 1978, December 1981, August 1984, June 1986, June 1991 and March 1993.

COMPARABILITY OF SERIES

- **13** As noted in paragraph 9, estimates from January 1989 have been revised to conform to revised population estimates following the 1991 Census of Population and Housing and are thus not strictly comparable with estimates for periods prior to January 1989, which have not been revised.
- **14** From August 1996, occupation data are classified according to the new edition of the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) and are not comparable with previous information. For more detailed information see *ASCO Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, Information Paper* (1221.0). A concordance between these versions of ASCO is not yet available.
- **15** Regional estimates are based on statistical regions from September 1987. They are not comparable with estimates prior to that date which were based on differently composed dissemination regions.
- **16** Comparability with estimates produced from the quarterly survey of employment and earnings is affected by the use of a different survey methodology and definitions. The labour force survey provides estimates of people in jobs whereas the survey of employment and earnings provides an estimate of the number of jobs held by employees. A more detailed description of the differences between these two series is provided in *Information Paper: Comparison of Employment Estimates from the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings* (6263.0).

RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

- **17** Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error.
- *Sampling error*. Since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings, they and the movements derived from them, may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical Notes.
- Non-sampling error. Inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in coding and processing data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

RELIABILITY OF REGIONAL LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES

- **18** While the Labour Force Survey is designed primarily to produce reliable estimates at the national and State or Territory level, it also delivers estimates for a number of regions within States.
- **19** As with the national and State estimates, regional labour force estimates are subject to sampling error. Since estimates for regions are components of the corresponding State level and thus are based on a considerably smaller sample size, they are subject to higher relative standard errors. Care should therefore be taken in the interpretation of regional estimates, particularly when comparing month-to-month movements. Tables of standard errors for each region are available later in this publication.

SURVEY SAMPLE REDESIGN

- **20** The ABS has reselected the Labour Force Survey sample to incorporate information obtained from the 1996 Census of Population and Housing. The new sample was introduced over an 8 month period, from September 1997 until April 1998, in order to minimise possible effects on the continuity of key labour force statistics. Details of the new sample, and the sample design and methodology of the survey, are given in *Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design* (6269.0).
- **21** Regional labour force statistics are subject to significant volatility and are especially vulnerable at the time of reselection of the Labour Force survey sample, as the new sample selected to represent each region may have characteristics different from the old sample. Consequently, it can be expected that some regional series may suffer quite noticeable disturbances during the period September 1997 to April 1998. Thus, regional estimates from September 1997 onwards may not be comparable with those before September 1997.

STATISTICAL REGIONS

- **22** From September 1997, Labour Force dissemination regions are classified according to *Australian Standard Geographical Classification*, 1996 Edition (1216.0).
- **23** A review of dissemination regions for labour force data was conducted during 1996. As a result, the boundaries for some regions have been changed to maintain consistency with the ASGC. Details of the new labour force regions are given in *Information Paper: Regional Labour Force Statistics* (6262.0).

- **24** An additional dissemination region has become available for the Gold Coast Gold Coast City (Parts A and B) Statistical Region Sectors. This new region is formed from parts of the South and East BSD Balance and South and East Moreton Statistical Regions. The latter regions have not changed and data will continue to be available for them.
- **25** The Brisbane City Outer Ring Statistical Region has been enlarged to include part of Carole Park, formerly of North and West BSD Balance Statistical Region. Consequently, estimates of the labour force in these regions are expected to change by 1,000 persons.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

26 Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effect of other influences on the series can be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment does not remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. Influences that are volatile can still make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variation. Seasonal factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year of original data.

TREND ESTIMATION

- **27** Smoothed seasonally adjusted series produce a measure of trend by reducing the impact of the irregular component of the series. The trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to the respective seasonally adjusted series. These trend series are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series over time.
- **28** While this smoothing technique enables estimates to be produced which include the latest month, it does result in revisions to the most recent months as additional observations become available. Generally, subsequent revisions become smaller and after 3 months have a negligible impact on the series. There will also be revisions as a result of the annual review of seasonal factors.

MONTH-TO-MONTH MOVEMENTS

29 Care should be taken in the interpretation of month-to-month movements in labour force survey estimates as they are subject to sampling and non-sampling variability as explained in paragraph 17.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

30 Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

Information Paper: A Guide to Interpreting Time Series — Monitoring 'Trends' — An Overview (1348.0)

Information Paper: Comparison of Employment Estimates from the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings (6263.0)

Information Paper: Labour Force Survey — Measuring Teenage

Unemployment (6270.0)

Information Paper: Labour Force Survey — Sample Design (6269.0)

Information Paper: Measuring Employment and Unemployment (6279.0)

Information Paper: Regional Labour Force Statistics (6262.0)

Labour Force, Australia (6203.0)

EXPLANATORY NOTES continued

Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (6202.0)

Monthly Summary of Statistics, Queensland (1304.3)

31 Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products* (1101.0). The ABS also issues the *Release Advice* (1105.0) on Tuesdays and Fridays which lists publications to be released in the next few days. Both the Catalogue and the *Release Advice* are available from any ABS office.

UNPUBLISHED STATISTICS

32 As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. Inquiries should be made to the contact phone number shown at the front of this publication.

ROUNDING

33 Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between totals and the sums of the component items.

SYMBOLS AND OTHER USAGES

- . not applicable
- * subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes (see paragraphs 8 and 9 of the Technical Notes)

TECHNICAL NOTES

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

- **1** The labour force estimates are derived from the monthly population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself. This procedure compensates for under-enumeration in the survey and leads to more reliable estimates.
- **2** Since regular estimates of the population are not available at the regional level, the State benchmarks were used to produce regional estimates. This methodology assumes a common pattern of under-enumeration at the regional level and also ensures that regional estimates add to the State totals.

DATA QUALITY

3 Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. Non-sampling error is explained in the Explanatory Notes, paragraph 17. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed.

Standard error of estimates

- **4** One measure of the variability of estimates which occurs as a result of surveying only a sample of the population is the standard error (SE).
- **5** There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included and about 19 chances in 20 that the difference will be less than two standard errors.
- **6** The standard error of an estimate can be obtained from table A. Linear interpolation should be used to calculate the standard error of estimates falling between the sizes of estimates listed in the table (see example in paragraphs 12 and 13 following).
- **7** Standard errors for some estimates, e.g. unemployment, can vary from those shown in the tables. Methods for calculating the standard errors of these estimates are shown in paragraph 14.

Relative standard error

- **8** Another measure of sampling variability is the relative standard error (RSE). This is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate to which it refers. The RSE is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling and thus avoids the need to refer also to the size of the estimate.
- **9** In the tables in this publication, only estimates with RSEs of 25% or less, and percentages based on such estimates, are considered sufficiently reliable for most purposes. However, estimates and percentages with larger RSEs have been included and are preceded by an asterisk (e.g. * 3.0) to indicate they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution. Small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable use.

Standard error of movement

- **10** The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. Standard errors of monthly movements are given in table B. These estimates apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive months.
- **11** Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters, i.e. quarterly movements, can be obtained by multiplying the figures in table B by 1.21. Standard errors of movements between corresponding months of consecutive years, i.e. annual movements, can be obtained by multiplying the figures in table A by 1.3. When using tables A or B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.

LINEAR INTERPOLATION

- **12** Linear interpolation is used to determine the standard error of an estimate which falls between two values listed in the size of estimate column in tables A or B. Linear interpolation is best described using an example. In November 1998 there were 717,500 (X_e) employed females in Queensland. This estimate falls between 500,000 (X_l) and 1,000,000 (X_u) in table A.
- **13** The standard error of the estimate is determined as follows:

Firstly calculate

$$F = \frac{X_e - X_l}{X_u - X_l}$$

$$= \frac{717,500 - 500,000}{1,000,000 - 500,000}$$

$$= 0.435$$

Secondly, calculate the standard error of the estimate, SE(X_e) thus,

$$SE(X_e) = SE(X_l) + F[SE(X_u) - SE(X_l)]$$

= 7,000 + 0.435[8,900 - 7,000]
= 7,827
= 7,800 rounding to the nearest 100

Therefore the standard error of the number of employed females in Queensland in November 1998 (717,500) is 7,800.

14 Standard errors for selected estimates may be calculated as follows.

	•
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Measure of reliability to be determined	Method
Standard errors of estimates of employed persons.	Determine the SE from Table A directly.
Standard errors of estimates of unemployed persons.	Multiply the SE from Table A by 0.97.
Standard errors of estimates of persons not in the labour force.	Multiply the SE from Table A by 1.06.
Standard errors of rates (e.g. the	Determine the RSE of the numerator (x) and
unemployment rate which is based on the number of unemployed persons expressed	the denominator (y) then apply the following formula.
as a percentage of the number of persons in the labour force).	$RSE(x/y) = \sqrt{[RSE(x)]^2 - [RSE(y)]^2}$
Standard error of average hours worked.	Determine the RSE for the number of persons on which the average is based, multiply this by 0.7.
Standard error of median duration of unemployment.	Determine the RSE for the number of persons on which the median is based, multiply this by 2.0.
Standard error of monthly movements.	Using Table B, look up the SE of the larger estimate.
Standard error of quarterly movements.	Determine the standard error of the larger estimate (using Table A), multiply this by

Standard error of annual movements.

Determine the standard error of the larger

estimate (using Table A) and multiply this by

STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES FOR STATISTICAL REGIONS AND QUEENSLAND

		Bris	sbane (MSR) Sta	tistical Regions	Balance of Queensland Statistical Regions							
Size of estimate	Queensland; Brisbane (MSR); Balance of Queensland	Brisbane City Inner Ring		South and East Brisbane Statistical Division Balance	North and West Brisbane Statistical Division Balance	South and East Moreton	North and West Moreton	Wide Bay-Burnett	Darling Downs and South-West	•	Northern and North-West	Far North
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
200	210	160	170	170	170	160	170	180	180	180	170	190
300	260	200	210	220	210	200	220	230	220	220	210	240
500	340	260	270	280	280	270	280	300	290	290	270	310
700	400	310	320	340	330	320	340	350	340	340	320	370
1 000	480	380	390	410	400	380	410	430	410	420	390	440
1 500	590	470	480	500	500	470	500	530	510	510	480	550
2 000	680	540	560	590	580	550	590	620	600	600	560	640
2 500	750	610	630	660	650	620	660	690	670	670	630	720
3 000	820	670	690	720	720	680	720	760	740	740	690	790
4 000	940	780	800	840	830	790	840	890	860	860	810	920
5 000	1 050	880	900	950	940	890	950	1 000	960	970	910	1 050
7 000	1 200	1 050	1 100	1 150	1 100	1 050	1 150	1 200	1 150	1 150	1 100	1 250
10 000	1 400	1 250	1 300	1 350	1 350	1 300	1 350	1 450	1 400	1 400	1 300	1 500
15 000	1 700	1 550	1 600	1 700	1 650	1 600	1 700	1 750	1 700	1 700	1 600	1 850
20 000	1 950	1 800	1 850	1 950	1 950	1 850	1 950	2 050	2 000	2 000	1 900	2 150
30 000	2 300	2 250	2 300	2 450	2 400	2 300	2 400	2 550	2 450	2 500	2 350	2 650
50 000	2 850	2 950	3 050	3 150	3 150	3 000	3 150	3 350	3 250	3 250	3 050	3 450
70 000	3 250	3 500	3 600	3 800	3 750	3 550	3 800	4 000	3 850	3 850	3 650	4 100
100 000	3 750	4 250	4 350	4 550	4 500	4 300	4 550	4 800	4 650	4 650	4 350	4 950
150 000	4 400	5 200	5 400	5 600	5 500							
200 000	4 950	6 100	6 300	6 600	6 500	6 200	6 600	6 900	6 700	6 700	6 300	7 100
300 000	5 800	7 500	7 700	8 100	8 000	7 600	8 100	8 500	8 300	8 300	7 800	8 800
500 000	7 000	9 900	10 100	10 600	10 500	10 000	10 600	11 200	10 800	10 800	10 200	11 500
1 000 000	8 900											
2 000 000	11 300											

	Brisbane (MSR) Statistical Regions							Balance of Queensland Statistical Regions							
	Ou	eensland;			South and East Brisbane Statistical	North and West Brisbane Statistical	South and	North and		Darling	Mackay,	Northern			
Size of Brisbane (MSR);		Brisbane City E	Brisbane City	Division	Division	East	West		Downs and	Fitzroy and	and				
estimate	Balance of Qu	. ,,	Inner Ring	Outer Ring	Balance	Balance	Moreton		Bay-Burnett		Central-West	North-West	Far North		
	No.	%	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		
1 000	580	58.0	330	310	250	320	290	300	340	320	340	320	290		
1 500	660	44.0	400	370	300	380	340	350	400	390	410	390	340		
2 000	730	36.5	450	420	340	440	390	400	460	440	460	440	390		
2 500	790	31.6	500	470	370	480	430	440	500	480	510	480	430		
3 000	840	28.0	540	510	400	520	460	480	550	520	550	520	460		
4 000	930	23.3	610	570	460	590	530	540	620	590	620	590	530		
5 000	1 000	20.0	670	630	500	650	580	600	680	650	680	650	580		
7 000	1 150	16.4	770	730	580	750	670	690	790	760	790	750	670		
10 000	1 250	12.5	900	850	680	880	780	810	920	880	920	880	780		
15 000	1 450	9.7	1 100	1 000	810	1 050	930	960	1 100	1 050	1 100	1 050	930		
20 000	1 600	8.0	1 200	1 150	920	1 200	1 050	1 100	1 250	1 200	1 250	1 200	1 050		
30 000	1 850	6.2	1 450	1 350	1 100	1 400	1 250	1 300	1 500	1 400	1 500	1 400	1 250		
50 000	2 200	4.4	1 800	1 700	1 350	1 750	1 550	1 600	1 850	1 750	1 850	1 750	1 550		
100 000	2 800	2.8	2 450	2 300	1 850	2 400	2 100	2 200	2 500	2 400	2 500	2 400	2 150		
200 000	3 550	1.8	3 300	3 150	2 500	3 200	2 850	2 950	3 350	3 250	3 400	3 200	2 850		
300 000	4 100	1.4	3 950	3 750	2 950	3 850	3 400	3 550	4 000	3 850	4 050	3 850	3 450		

Attending school

Persons aged 15 to 19 years who, during the reference week, were enrolled full-time at secondary or high schools.

Attending tertiary educational institution full-time

Persons aged 15 to 24 years who, during the reference week, were enrolled full-time at a TAFE college, university or other educational institution.

Average hours worked

Aggregate hours worked by a group divided by the number of persons in that group.

Average duration of unemployment For a group of unemployed persons, the aggregate duration of unemployment divided by the number of persons in the group.

Duration of unemployment

The period from the time a person began looking for work or was stood down, to the end of the reference week. Thus the survey measures current (and continuing) periods of unemployment rather than completed spells. For persons who may have begun looking for work while still employed, the duration of unemployment is defined as the period from the time the person last worked full-time for 2 weeks or more to the end of the reference week.

Employed

Persons aged 15 years and over who, during the reference week:

- worked for 1 hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a
 job or business or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and own
 account workers);
- worked for 1 hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers);
- were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than 4 weeks up to the end of the reference week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than 4 weeks up to the end of the reference week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study or
- were employers, own account workers or contributing family workers who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.

Former workers

Unemployed persons who have previously worked full-time for 2 weeks or more but not in the past 2 years.

Full-time workers

Employed persons who usually worked 35 hours or more a week (in all jobs) and others who, although usually working less than 35 hours a week, worked 35 hours or more during the reference week.

Hours worked

The total number of hours a group of employed persons has actually worked during the reference week, not necessarily hours paid.

Job leavers

Unemployed persons who have worked full-time for 2 weeks or more in the past 2 years and *left that job voluntarily*, that is, because of unsatisfactory work arrangements, pay or hours; the job was seasonal, temporary or a holiday job and they left that job to return to studies; their last job was running their own business and they closed down or sold that business for reasons other than financial difficulties, or any other reasons.

Job losers

Unemployed persons who have worked full-time for 2 weeks or more in the past 2 years and *left that job involuntarily*, that is, were laid off or retrenched from that job; left that job because of their own ill-health or injury; the job was seasonal or temporary and they did not leave that job to return to studies, or their last job was running their own business and the business closed down from financial difficulties.

Industry

From August 1994, Labour Force Survey industry data are classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC). Like the previous Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC), ANZSIC classifies businesses according to their economic activities, in a structure consisting of four levels (Division, Sub-division, Group and Class). Labour Force Survey data are coded at the group level, as was the practice under ASIC. To assist users in making comparisons with previously published data, a concordance was developed which shows for each ASIC Group, the corresponding ANZSIC Group or Groups. The concordance also shows the estimated employment attributable to each ANZSIC Group, compared with ASIC Group data, according to establishment unit employment data on the ABS Business Register at May 1994. Historical estimates of employment by ANZSIC Group have been compiled on the basis of the concordance, and are available on request. For further information about the application of ANZSIC, see Information Paper: Labour Force Survey: Introduction of ANZSIC for Industry Data (6259.0) and Australian and New Zealand Standard Industry Classification, 1993 (1292.0).

It has since been found that the concordance, which was based on preliminary investigations, did not provide the most appropriate conversion for certain Group level industries. An improved concordance has now been applied to historical Labour Force Survey estimates.

This concordance is published in the *Information Paper: Labour Force Survey: Revisions to Historical ANZSIC Industry Data* (6259.0).

Labour force

For any group, persons who were employed or unemployed, as defined.

Labour force status

A classification of the civilian population aged 15 years and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force, as defined. The definitions conform closely to the international standard definitions adopted by the International Conferences of Labour Statisticians.

Marital status

Persons are classified as married (husband and wife) if they are reported as being married (including de facto) and their spouse was a usual resident of the household at the time of the survey. The not married category comprises persons who have never married, or are separated, widowed or divorced, as well as those who, although reported as being married, did not have a spouse who usually lived in the household.

Median duration of unemployment The duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it.

Not in the labour force

Persons who were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, persons in institutions (hospitals, jails, sanatoriums, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders

and persons whose only activity during the reference week was jury service or unpaid voluntary work for a charitable organisation.

Occupation

From August 1996, Labour Force Survey occupation data are classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) Second Edition, a detailed description of which appears in *ASCO — Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, Information Paper* (1221.0). The new version of the classification replaces ASCO First Edition, which was adopted in the survey in August 1986.

Participation rate

For any group, the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 years and over in the same group. Participation rates for persons classified by birthplace are calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions. Participation rates for persons classified by school or tertiary educational institution attendance are calculated using population estimates which include those in institutions.

Part-time workers

Employed persons who usually worked less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the reference week.

Seasonally adjusted series

A time series of estimates with the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation removed. See paragraph 26 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.

Statistical regions

Classified according to the *Australian Standard Geographical Classification*, *Edition 2.5* (1216.0).

Status in employment

From August 1994, the Labour Force Survey has adopted the international classification of Status in Employment, previously referred to as Status of Worker in the survey. This change follows recommendations of the 15th International Conference of Labour Statisticians and ABS standards. For the Labour Force Survey, the change involves no changes in definitions. The only changes are to the classification titles, as follows:

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Status of worker	Status in employment
•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Wage and salary earner	Employee
Employer	Employer
Self-employed	Own account worker
Unpaid family helper	Contributing family worker

Trend series

A smoothed seasonally adjusted series of estimates. See paragraphs 27 and 28 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.

Unemployed

Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the reference week and

- had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the 4 weeks up to the end of the reference week and:
 - were available for work in the reference week or would have been available
 except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than 4 weeks to the end of
 the reference week);
 - were waiting to start a new job within 4 weeks from the end of the reference week and would have started in the reference week if the job had been available then or

were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than 4 weeks up to the end of the reference week (including the whole of the reference week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.

Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation

Unemployed persons who had worked full-time for 2 weeks or more in the last 2 years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time job.

Unemployed looking for full-time work

Unemployed persons who actively looked for full-time work or were to resume a full-time job, from which they had been stood down.

Unemployed looking for part-time work

Unemployed persons who had actively looked for part-time work only or were to resume a part-time job, from which they had been stood down.

Unemployment rate

For any group, the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the same group.